Galaxy

Days 9-10

Daily Launch Day 9

Do Now: Interpreting Idioms

An **idiom** is an expression that has a different meaning from what you might think based on the words used.

The chart below lists some idioms you will find in today's reading. The pictures show what you might **think** the idioms mean. But then read the phrase in the center column. Try to guess what the words mean in this phrase. Write down your



best guess in the right hand column! The first one has been filled in for you.

Idioms	Idioms Used in Context	What Does It Really Mean?
"stumble on"	She stumbled on an old photo.	She found it by accident.
"get to the bottom of"	She asked her intern to get to the bottom of the mystery.	
"a step ahead"	Ms. Shetterly was a step ahead of her in exploring the mystery.	
"the face of science"	"The face of science was brown like mine."	
"poke around," "link up with"	Ms. Shetterly started poking around and linked up with Ms. Gainer in their search for answers.	



Name	Date
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Daily Launch Day 10

Do Now: Final Project Brainstorm

It is time to start thinking about your final projects for the *Galaxy* unit. Rank your top three choices among the options listed below. Then write your thoughts about them in the space at the bottom of the page.



1	Make a publicity brochure for a space tourism company
	Create a 3-D model space station or spaceship
'	Write an original short story that takes place in space
/	Adapt an existing story to take place in space
	Write a magazine or encyclopedia article about a space mission or astronaut
'	Write several poems (at least three) about space or space travel
(Create a space exploration board game or quiz game
	Create a digital presentation (such as a PowerPoint) or a podcast about an important figure or mission in space exploration
	Other:
l am int	erested in these projects because
Jot dow	n any other ideas you have about your number one and two choices:



A Forgotten Story: Black Women Helped Land a Man on the Moon

By the Washington Post, adapted by Newsela and ALFA staff First published 09/19/2016 It all started with a photograph.

Mary Gainer was a historic preservationist for NASA in 2011, when she stumbled on a mysterious 1943 photo that showed a thousand people standing in a huge building. Gainer figured that the black men posing in the front were probably machinists, and the rest of the group was mostly white men in suits and ties.

But scattered here and there was something unexpected. The picture showed women, some white and some black, in knee-length skirts. Gainer asked her new intern, Sarah McLennan, to get to the bottom of it. There were too many to be the few secretaries employed then, so who were they, she wanted to know?

Who Were These Women?

Little did Gainer know that another person was on a similar hunt. Margot Lee Shetterly was already a step ahead. Shetterly's father was a scientist who worked at Langley Research Center in Hampton, Virginia, so growing up in the 1970s and '80s, she knew about black women at NASA. "There are these women and I knew them, and my dad worked with them and they went to our church and their kids were in my school," she said recently over the phone from her home in Charlottesville.

Shetterly and her neighbors all knew the stories of these women. "Growing up in Hampton, the face of science was brown like mine," Shetterly writes in her book. But one day she realized this was a special story. In segregation-era Virginia, NASA had hired black women to do math and research that would launch men into space.

NASA Needed Math Whizzes

Shetterly started poking around and linked up with Gainer. Gainer's intern had already begun collecting stories from former employees and their families. Shetterly wrote a book about those math whizzes called "Hidden Figures." In January 2017, a movie based on the book was released. The cast included Taraji P. Henson, Octavia Spencer, and Janelle Monáe.

With that movie, a piece of history that was nearly lost became common knowledge.



Author Margot Lee Shetterly reads from her book to Washington DC school students. NASA photo #NHQ201612140018.



"Computers" Used Pencil and Paper

One reason the story of these smart women was almost lost is that space travel in the 1950s and 60s was different from what it is today.

Everyone knows what a computer looks like. It has a hard drive, a monitor, a keyboard and a mouse. But in the middle of the last century at Langley, it looked different. Langley was, until 1958, part of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics (NACA), before it became NASA. Women who used pencils and paper to do research calculations were called computers. The first of their kind were hired in 1935. During World War II, many male workers left their jobs to join the war effort, and more women were hired to find ways to build better military planes. After the war, at most companies, men returned to their jobs and women returned to the



Poster for the 2017 movie
Hidden Figures

home. But not at Langley. The need for better aircraft gave way to a different kind of battle: the country wanted to beat Russia to the moon. Female computers were more essential than ever.

The women who held these jobs did not feel remarkable. They were just happy to have work that paid better than the alternatives, like teaching and nursing. The jobs were considered easy, even though they required advanced math skills.

Medal of Freedom winner dies at 101

One such woman was Katherine G. Johnson. She was one of the most famous of the computers. In 2016, she won the Presidential Medal of Freedom, saw a building named after her, and had a bench dedicated in her honor. Katherine Johnson died on February 24, 2020, at the age of 101.

Like many of the other computers, Johnson studied math in college. At NASA, she worked on the life-or-death task of determining launch timing. Her calculations helped send Alan Shepard into space and guided him successfully back to Earth. They landed Neil Armstrong on the moon and brought him home.

Women on Team Were Segregated

Johnson was a trailblazer during a time of discrimination. The first black women who worked at NASA were segregated from the computing pool of white women. They had to use different bathrooms. At lunch in the cafeteria, they had to sit at a table with a white cardboard sign that read "colored computers."

One woman, Miriam Mann, removed the sign from the table and hid it in her purse, throwing it out it at home. At first, it was regularly replaced, but Mann kept taking the signs, and finally they stopped appearing. It was the first of many victories.

Shetterly is happy that people will know not just about the John Glenns of the world, she said, but the whole team that helped them get where they were going.

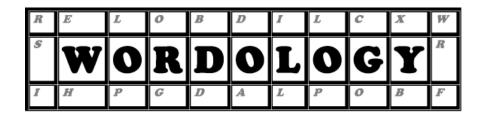


R	E	L	0	В	D	I	L	C	X	W
5	W	0	R	D	0	L	0	G	Y	R
I	H	P	G	D	A	L	P	0	В	F

Wordology Activity #1: Matching Root Words

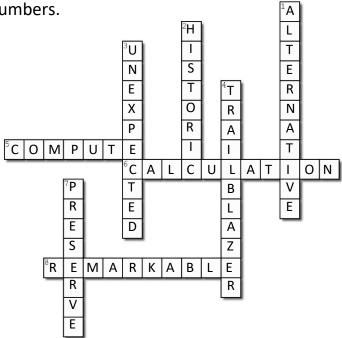
Instructions: The words in Column 1 are your Vocabulary Words. Draw an arrow to match each word to the one in Column 2 that is related to it. Then, write a sentence using the word in Column 2. An example is given.

1: Vocabulary Words	2: Related Words	3: Sentences
Historic	Calculate	
Calculations	Preservation	
Remarkable	Computer	
Preserve	Alternate	
Compute	Expect	
Alternative	History	Example : We need to know history so we don't repeat its mistakes.
Unexpected	Remark	



Wordology Activity #2: Reverse Crossword

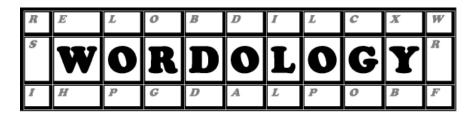
Instructions: From the filled-out crossword, write down clues next to the appropriate numbers.



Created using the Crossword Maker on TheTeachersCorner.net

Across:
5:
6:
8:

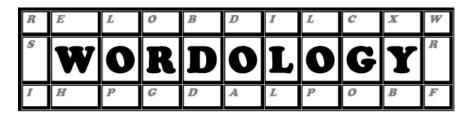
Down:
1:
2:
3:
4:
7:



Wordology Activity #3: Using Vocabulary

Choose this activity **after** you have read "A Forgotten Story: Black Women Help Land a Man on the Moon." Answer the questions below in complete sentences. Include the vocabulary words in your answer.

Vocabulary Words	Guide Question	Complete Sentence
1. unexpected; historic	What was unexpected in the historic NASA photo that Mary Gainer found?	
2. calculations	What was the purpose of the calculations that the women were hired to do at NASA?	
3. remarkable	Why was it remarkable that NASA hired Katherine Johnson, Miriam Mann, and their coworkers for this work?	
4. trailblazer	In what ways were Katherine Johnson and the other black female computers trailblazers ?	
5. preserve	What has been done to preserve the story of the black female computers at NASA?	



Composing Meaningful Sentences

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	Word Bank				
	historic	compute	remarkable	trailblazer	
	preserve	calculation	alternative	unexpected	

Name	Date
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COLLABORATION

STATION

Collaboration Station: Partner Reading

Instructions: With a partner, read aloud the **first page** of "A Forgotten Story: Black Women Helped Land a Man on the Moon." Discuss answers to the questions below with your partner, then write down your answers on your own.

1. Why do you think Mary Gainer was so interested in learning more about the 1943 photo that she found at NASA?
2. How did Margot Lee Shetterly's background help her write a book about the story of the black women who worked at NASA?
3. If you were making a movie about black female math whizzes at NASA, what types of events would you include to make the movie interesting?



Hidden Figures Trailer

Instructions: Watch the trailer of the 2017 movie Hidden Figures at this link:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RK8xHq6dfAo

This movie tells the true story of black women engineers and mathematicians who worked at NASA in the 1950s and 60s to help send astronauts into space. After watching the video once or twice, answer the questions below.

1.	What does the video suggest about the challenges that these women faced while working at NASA?				
 2.	What important national goals did the women help NASA accomplish?				
3.	What can you guess from the video about the attitudes that helped these women succeed?				
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